GUTTMACHER INSTITUTE

Presentation for Danish parliament Committee on Gender Equality

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Susheela Singh, PhD – Vice President for Global Science and Policy Integration Gilda Sedgh, ScD – Principal Advisor, Research and Policy Integration

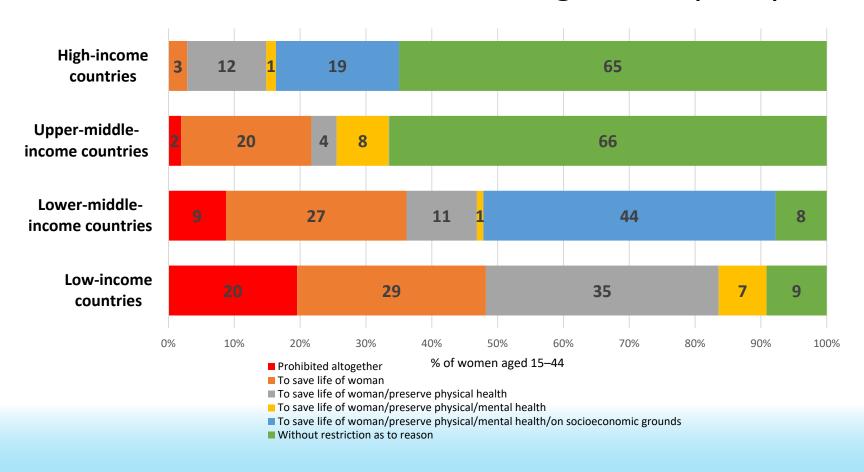
Jonathan Wittenberg – Executive Vice President

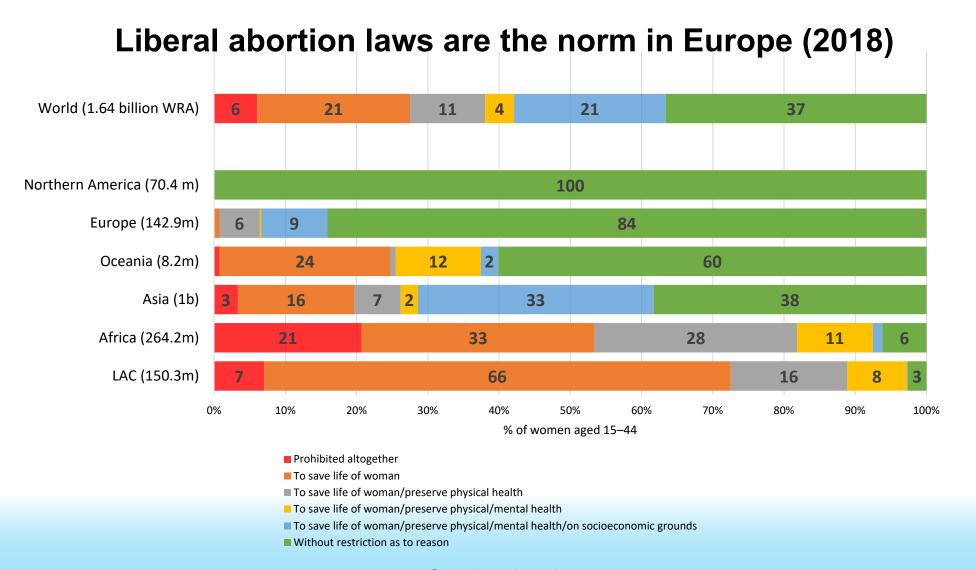
The overwhelming trend has been toward broadening the grounds for legal abortion (2008 – 2018)

R Rape I Incest F Fetal Abnormality

	Prohibited altogether	To save woman's life	To save woman's life and preserve physical health	To save woman's life and preserve physical/mental health	To save woman's life, preserve physical/mental health, and socioeconomic reasons	Without restriction as to reason, with gestational and other requirements
DEVELOPED REGIONS						
Australia						
Luxembourg						
Monaco	RIF					
Spain						
DEVELOPING REGIONS						
AFRICA						
Kenya						
Lesotho	RIF					
Mauritius	RIF					
Mozambique			RIF			
Rwanda			I F			
Somalia						
ASIA & MICRONESIA						
Fiji					RIF	
Indonesia		R F				
LATIN AMERICA & CARIBBEAN						
Argentina			R			
Chile	R F					
Uruguay						

The majority of women in high income countries live where abortion is allowed on broad grounds (2018)





Abortion rates

No. per 1,000 women aged 15–49 per year in 2015–2019

- All 195 countries contributed to the global and regional estimates.
- Of these, 166 have some data on abortions or unintended births.
- This map shows the 150 countries for which we released estimates.
- Nothing is shown in the Middle East or North Africa because this area had no reliable abortion data with which to validate the model.
- The borders shown here do not represent an official position of the UN, WHO or Guttmacher.

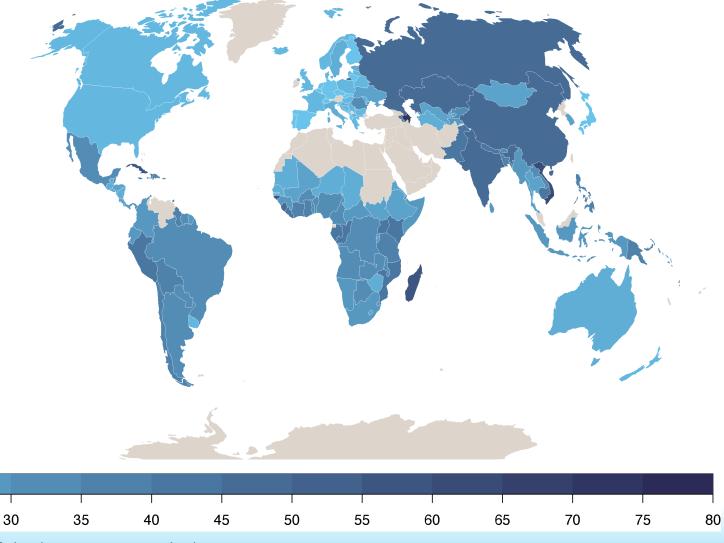
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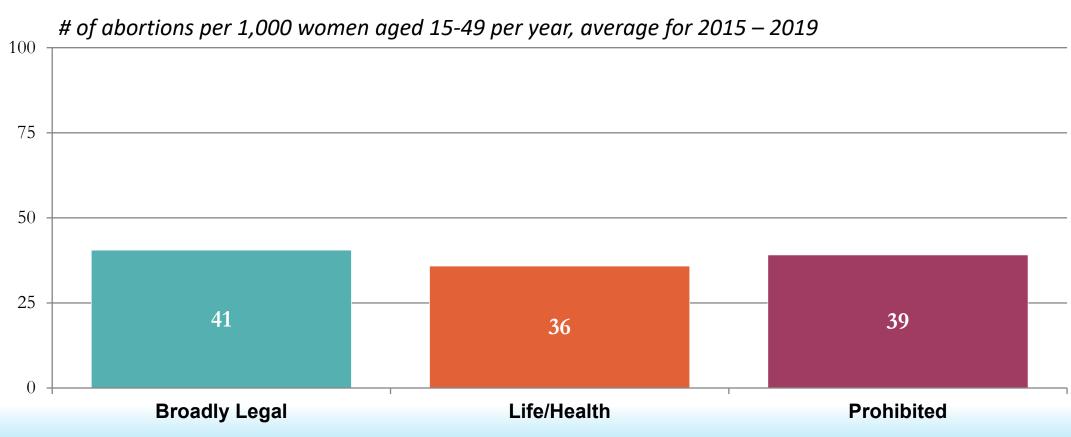
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25



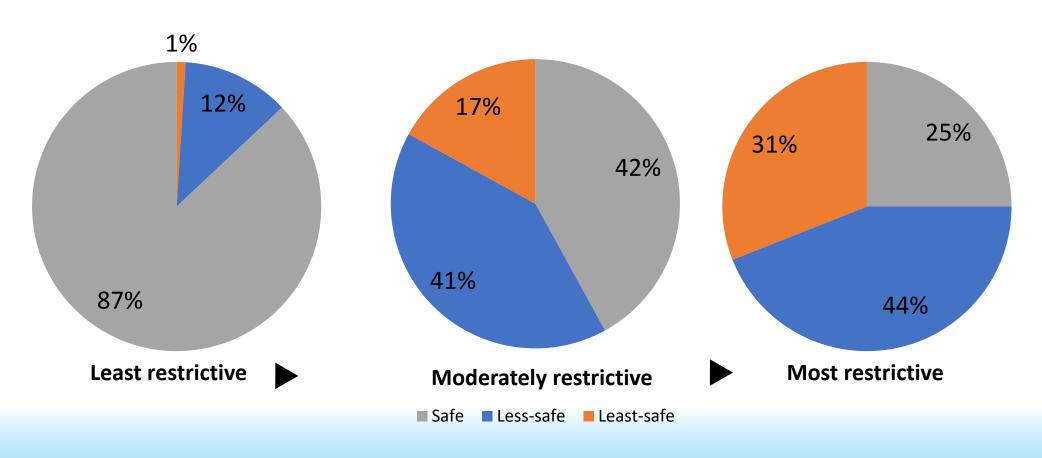
No. of abortions per 1,000 reproductive-age women per year

Abortion rates are similar in countries with liberal and restrictive abortion laws



^{&#}x27;Broadly legal' includes countries where abortion is available upon request, with varying gestational limits; this includes countries without restriction as to reason and on broad socioeconomic grounds

Abortions are more likely to be unsafe where abortion laws are more restrictive



Most high-income countries with data allow abortion through at least the 12th week of pregnancy, as of 2017

Country	Gestational-age limit	Gestational-age exceptions				
Portugal	Through 10th week	Exception up to 24 week limit for cases of fetal impairment				
Czech Republic	Through 12th week	Exception up to 24 weeks for cases of fetal impairment or rape				
Denmark	Through 12th week	No gestational limit specificed for cases of fetal impairment, risk to life or health including bodily or mental suffering, or young age				
Estonia	Through 12th week	Exception up to 22 weeks for cases of fetal impairment, or intellectual or cognitive disability				
Finland	Through 12th week	No gestational limit specified for cases of fetal impairment; Exception up to 20 weeks for those less than 17 years of age, or risk to life or health				
Iceland	Through 12th week	No gestational age limit specified for cases of fetal impairment, rape, intellectual or cognitive disability, or risk to mental or physical health				
Israel	Through 12th week	No explicit reference to exceptions in the law				
Japan	Through 12th week	Exception up to 21 weeks forr risk to physical health, rape, or economic or social reasons				
New Zealand	Through 12th week	No limit specificied if affecting mental or physical health; exception up to 20 weeks for fetal impairment, incest, intellectual or cognitive disability				
Norway	Through 12th week	Exception up to 22 weeks for cases of fetal impairment, or risk of life or health				
Slovakia	Through 12th week	Exception up to six months for cases of foetal impairment, rape or incest				
Slovenia	Through 12th week	No explicit reference in law to exceptions				
Switzerland	Through 12th week	No gestational limit specified if risk to health or causing state of deep distress				
Italy	Through 90 days/three months	No gestational agel imit specified for cases of fetal impairment or risk to phsyical or psychological health				
Belgium	Through 14th week	No gestational limit specified for cases of fetal impairment				
France	Through 14th week	No gestational age limit specificed for cases of fetal impairment				
Germany	Through 14th week	No gestational age limit specified if risk to mental and physical health				
Spain	Through 14th week	Exception up to 22 weeks limit for cases of fetal impairment (or no gestational limit depending on the circumstance)				
Sweden	Through 18th week	No explicit reference in law to exceptions				
Great Britain	Through 24th week	No gestational limit specificied for cases of fetal impairment, risk to life or permanent injury to physical or mental health				
Singapore	Through 24th week	Exception after 24 weeks if risk to physical or mental health				
Netherlands	No gestational-age limit previability	n/a				
Canada	Law does not indicate gestational-age limit	n/a				
Source: Center for Reproduc	ource: Center for Reproductive Rights for gestational age-limit; Global Abortion Policies Database and country's legal documents for exceptions					

Most abortions in high income countries occur by the 12th week of pregnancy

Percent distribution of abortions by duration of pregnancy, c2017



Note: There was variation in how countries reported gestational age as follows: $^{+} \le 11$; $^{+} \le 14$, $^{+} \le 11$

Factors associated with delays in obtaining an abortion

US (2017):

- being Black
- having less than a high school degree
- relying on financial assistance to pay for the procedure
- living 25 or more miles from the facility
- late recognition of pregnancy

Netherlands (2008):

- young age
- inability to recognize pregnancy
- ambivalence towards the pregnancy
- having to travel to the Netherlands for abortion
- being an immigrant

England Wales (2008):

- not realizing they were pregnant
- uncertainty about what to do if they were pregnant
- changes in personal circumstances

The WHO recommends removing gestational limits for legal abortion

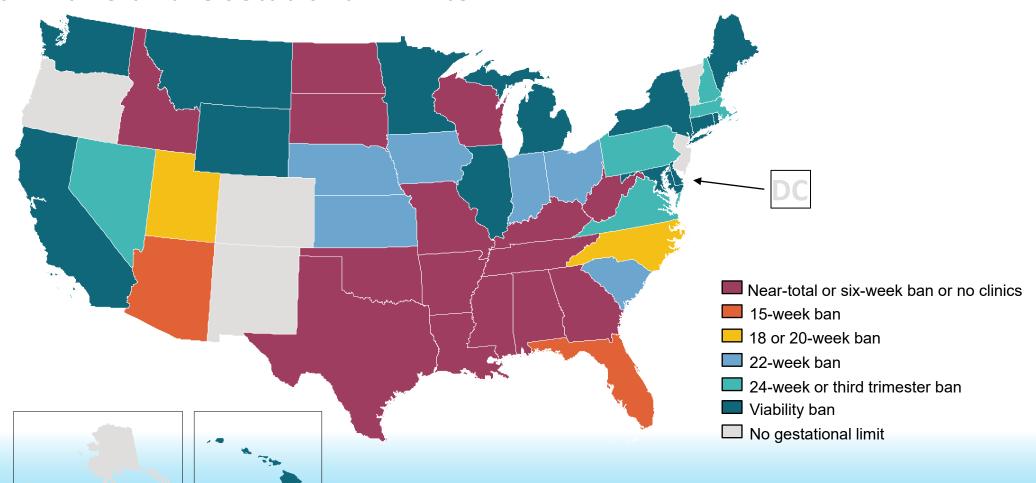
WHO recommendation:

The guidelines recommend removing medically unnecessary policy barriers to safe abortion, such as criminalization, mandatory waiting times, requirements for prior approvals, and *limits* on when during pregnancy an abortion can take place.

WHO rationale:

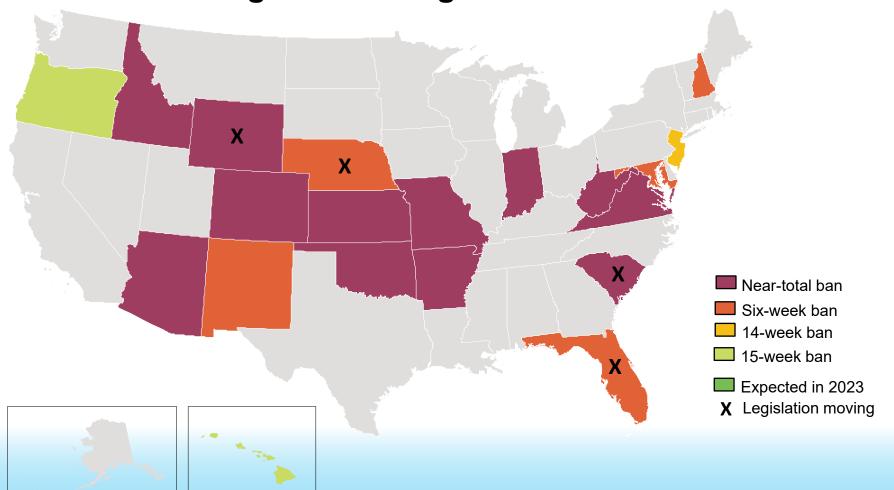
- Gestational age limits are associated with increased rates of maternal mortality and poor health outcomes
- Women with cognitive impairments, younger women, women living further from clinics, women with lower educational attainment, and women facing financial hardship were disproportionately impacted by gestational age limits

Abortion Bans and Gestational Limits



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Abortion Bans: Pending in State Legislatures 2023



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Our emails:

Susheela: ssingh@guttmacher.org

Gilda: gsedgh@guttmacher.org

Jonathan: jwittenberg@guttmacher.org

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