

European Commission - Environment - Animal Welfare - Human Trapping Standard - Windows Internet Explorer

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/biodiversity/animal_welfare/hts/index_en.htm

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European Commission
Environment

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Implementation of Humane Trapping Standard in the EU

1991-2005

In 1991, [Council Regulation \(EEC\) No 3254/91 \(FR - DE\)](#) "prohibiting the use of leghold traps in the Community and the introduction into the Community of pelts and manufactured goods of certain wild animal species originating in countries which catch them by means of leghold traps or trapping methods which do not meet international humane trapping standards" was adopted.

This regulation, popularly known as the Leghold trap regulation, is completed by a Commission Decision listing those countries from whom specific animal pelts and manufactured goods can be accepted. [Commission Decision \(98/596/EC\) \(FR - DE\)](#) allows the imports of furs into the EU from Canada, the Russian Federation and the USA as a result of the commitment of those countries to implement humane trapping standards.


In 1997 the Community concluded an [Agreement \(FR - DE\)](#) with Canada and the Russian Federation on international humane trapping standards. The Agreement was inspired by the desire to agree on international humane trapping standards as well as to avoid trade disputes with the main international fur exporters. The aim of the established humane trapping standards is to ensure a sufficient level of welfare of trapped animals, and to further improve this welfare.

A substantially similar agreement concerning the standards but in the form of [Agreed Minutes \(FR - DE\)](#) was reached with the USA.

The European Community ratified the Agreement on international humane trapping standards between the European Community, Canada and the Russian Federation in 1998 and the Government of Canada in 1999. Moreover, from June 1, 1999, the EC and Canada agreed to apply the Agreement on a provisional basis pending formal ratification by the Russian Federation which would allow the Agreement to enter into force. The ratification of the Agreement by the Russian Federation is expected to occur soon and the schedule for the implementation of the provisions will start then.

Each Party must implement the commitments and obligations arising from this Agreement in accordance with its internal procedures. Accordingly, the EC, Canada, the Russian Federation and the USA are committed to establish appropriate processes for testing and certifying trapping methods in accordance with the international humane trapping standards. Furthermore, the use of traps that are not certified in accordance with humane trapping standards must be prohibited within an agreed time table. The Parties must promote research on the ongoing development of the standards and the Agreement also obliges the Parties to improve scientific knowledge for evaluating the welfare of trapped animals.

The Commission receives information on the implementation of the Agreement by Canada, the Russian Federation and the USA. According to the regular status reports on the fulfilment of the commitments and obligations arising from the Agreement adequate progress has been done and the Parties have indicated that they will be in a position to fulfil their obligations by the given deadlines. Canada expects to fully implement the Agreement by 2007. The testing of trapping methods is ongoing in the Russian Federation. The



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STANDARDS FOR "HUMANE SAKSE"

Forslag til EU direktiv af 30/7 2004

Aftalernes og dermed EU's *succeskriterier* for standarder for "humane sakse" (artikel 5 nr. 2 b)

- Op til 20% af dyrene MÅ GERNE bl.a.
 - *"bide sig selv til svære skader"*
 - *få "knoglebrud"*
 - *få "løsrivelse af sene eller ledbånd"*
 - *få "alvorlig knoglehindeafskrabning"*
 - *få "beskadigelse af øje, herunder sønderrivelse af hornhinde"*
 - *få "amputation"*





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WolfTrapping.com

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Danmarks
Naturfredningsforening

Import til EU af pelse fra dyr fanget i "sakse"



Each year in Canada, over **100,000 coyotes [prærieulv]** are trapped and killed in cruel leg-hold, Conibear and snare traps. In agony and confusion, animals often break teeth and bones trying to escape.

Across Canada, trap check times vary from once every **20 hours to once every 14 days**, but such laws are largely unenforceable. **An animal who does not die quickly is faced with unrelenting pain and a panic-filled wait, until they are clubbed to death, suffocated, shot or strangled.**

Canada Goose Inc. Kills Coyotes - Windows Internet Explorer

http://furbearerdefenders.com/blog/blog/1-blog/78-canada-goose-inc-kills-coyotes

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THE ASSOCIATION FOR THE PROTECTION of Fur-Bearing Animals

Connect on...

The Fur-Bearer's Blog


Welcome to the Fur-Bearer's Association Blog

We will be regularly posting news and information about the Association as well as all things animal related. Contributors include our staff, volunteers and our board members.



[Canada Goose Inc. Kills Coyotes](#)

Written by Lesley Fox
Tuesday, 25 October 2011 13:02
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http://www.canada-goose.com/fur-policy/


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tv2.dk - nyheder, vejret, sp... (10) 'Canada Goose' Jacket... Canada Goose Inc. Kills Co... Canada Goose » Fur Po... X

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CANADA GOOSE POLICY ON THE HUMANE TREATMENT OF ANIMALS

Canada Goose is deeply committed to the preservation of our global environment and the humane treatment of animals. As an authentically Canadian company, the environment and ethical treatment of animals are central to our values. We consistently make commitments based on these values that guide the ways in which we do business. We recognize that because we use animal products in our garments, questions may arise regarding these commitments and our practices. It is important to us that our position on these matters, as well as the reasons for and nature of our company's use of animal products are made widely available.

Since we have been producing Canada Goose products, we have used Coyote fur in the manufacture of many of our parkas and jackets. From the beginning we have closely examined and considered the use of these products from both an ethical and conservationist perspective. We are firm in our belief that these ethics are sound.

We use Coyote fur for functional purposes. Our jackets are, and always have been used in the coldest places on earth. In such climates, where skin can freeze in an instant, the coyote fur creates a warm environment in the most critical area around the face. The warm pocket of air can keep exposed skin from freezing and getting frost-bitten. It is for precisely this reason that the cultures of centuries past used fur for protection against the extreme cold.

The fur that we do use is acquired in accordance with the regulations developed and enforced by the provincial and territorial wildlife departments.

The fur industry is an excellent example of an industry based on sustainable use. Absolutely no endangered species are used. In the Canadian fur trade, government wildlife officials and biologists ensure responsible use by establishing controlled hunting and trapping, harvest quotas, licensing, and training courses. Strict government regulations ensure that these quotas and seasons are respected.


Canada Goose complies with all such industry and government guidelines. More importantly, we take pride in the fact that by supporting this sustainable industry we are also supporting the native Canadian communities of the North and their centuries-old ways of life that are now being threatened. These communities are ethical in their fundamental approach to hunting: We identify with the value systems of these communities, and make a commitment that carries over to the way we do business: **Canada Goose does not buy fur from farms of any sort - ever.**

The environmental benefits to using a natural product are clear when compared with the use of synthetics that are sometimes described as an "ethical" alternative to real fur. Many anti-fur advocacy groups fail to take into account the environmental impact of the production of synthetic fur. The chemical by-products of this production process have the potential to do more harm to the environment than the use of the fur from animals that are hunted as part of an ancient way of life that balances the needs of people and wildlife.

There are never simplistic solutions for complex problems. We are proud of the principled, responsible and humane approach that we consistently take in making our products. Nonetheless we recognize that there are some who oppose the use of animal fur under any circumstances. In stating our views and practices, we hope to promote the kind of transparency and context that will inform a reasoned discussion, one that moves beyond the shrill finger-pointing that often characterizes both sides of the debate. Good corporate citizenship requires openness and a willingness to listen to all sides on the issues that affect us all.

NEWSLETTER

Email Address



Hætten er lavet af halen fra prærieulv

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(10) 'Canada Goose' Jacket? Yeah umm, no thanks... - Windows Internet Explorer

http://www.facebook.com/group.php?gid=45497293397

Facebook

'Canada Goose' Jacket? Yeah umm, no thanks...

Bliv medlem

Væg Information **Billeder**

Grundlæggende oplysninger

Navn: 'Canada Goose' Jacket? Yeah umm, no thanks...
 Kategori: Erhverv - Forbrugergrupper
 Beskrivelse: Please be aware that each fur-trimmed hood of a 'Canada Goose' jacket is using the tail of a wild coyote. Let's let 'Canada Goose' know how you feel about it.

Did you know:
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Type af beskyttelse af personlige oplysninger:
 Alt indhold er offentligt tilgængeligt.

Oplysninger

Kategori:
 Erhverv - Forbrugergrupper

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Administratører

- Bailey Jenson (stifter)

Anmeld Gruppe

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PROBLEMERNE

Holdningen hos sakse-jægerne

Petition to Ban Fur in the EU

The change.org petition to ban fur in the European Union certainly isn't the first one, and I can say with confidence that this will go nowhere. While fur trapping isn't as high-profile in Europe as it is in North America, the area dominates the ranched fur industry with its many fur farms.

Kilde:

<http://trappingtoday.com/index.php/category/fur-market/>



PROBLEMERNE

EU planen

To problemer

1) **Undtagelsesbestemmelserne**

Så længe man "forsøger at udvikle" humane metoder/sakse, kan eksport til EU fortsætte...

2) **Succeskriterierne** for udvikling af "humane sakse" er også forkastelige



LØSNINGEN

Undtagelsesbestemmelserne og succeskriterierne er en del af de omtrent 15 år gamle aftaler. Derfor bør

- 1) *Aftalerne mellem EU og hhv. USA, Rusland, Canada m.fl. opsiges*
- 2) *Danmark tage sagen op under formandskabet*



DN'S INITIATIVER

- Møde med EU Kommissionen foråret 2011
 - Det ligger IKKE i kortene at opsige aftalerne
 - Uklart hvornår nyt direktivforslag foreligger (samme succeskriterier)
- Henvendelse til miljøministeren d.d.
- Evt henvendelse til Kommissionen sammen med andre NGO'er – underskriftindsamling via Facebook-gruppen
[Humane Trapping Standards in the EU](#)



JURAEN

Council Regulation (EEC) No 3254/91 of 4 November 1991 prohibiting the use of leghold traps in the Community and the introduction into the Community of pelts and manufactured goods of certain wild animal species originating in countries which catch them by means of leghold traps or trapping methods which do not meet international humane trapping standards

<http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:1991:308:0001:0004:DA:PDF>

Forslag til

<http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=COM:2004:0532:FIN:DA:PDF>

EU bekræfter at Forordning ikke træder i kraft så længe metoder er under udvikling (sidste linje)

[http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:21998A0214\(02\):EN:HTML](http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:21998A0214(02):EN:HTML)



